

Exercise 8

Issued: 23.06.2020
Due: 30.06.2020, 14:15h**Exercise 8.1.** *Variant of Valiant's Trick*

(3 + 3 = 6 Points)

We study permutation routing on the d -dimensional hypercube with $n = 2^d$ nodes. Recall that Valiant's trick chooses routing paths of dilation $D \leq 2d$ and congestion $O(d/\log d)$, w.h.p., for any given permutation.

In this exercise, we show that the dilation can be reduced to $D \leq d$ while keeping the congestion bound $C = O(d/\log d)$, w.h.p.

Consider the following variant of Valiant's trick: For each packet p with source s_p and target t_p , two intermediate destinations $v_p^{(1)}$ and $v_p^{(2)}$ are chosen as follows: Node $v_p^{(1)}$ is picked independently and uniformly at random from V . The node $v_p^{(2)}$ is defined to be the bit-wise complement of $v_p^{(1)}$. This procedure gives two alternative paths for packet p : The first path leads from s_p via a bit-fixing path to $v_p^{(1)}$ and then via a bit-fixing path to t_p . The second path is defined analogously using the intermediate destination $v_p^{(2)}$ instead of $v_p^{(1)}$. Each packet is then sent along the shorter of its two alternative paths.

- Show that the dilation D is at most d .
- Show that the congestion C is upper-bounded by $O(d/\log d)$, w.h.p.

Exercise 8.2. *Increasing the Lower Bound*

(5 Points)

We study permutation routing on the d -dimensional hypercube with $n = 2^d$ nodes. Suppose packets should be sent along bit-fixing paths. Show that there exists a permutation such that the number of paths that share an edge is $\Omega(\sqrt{n})$.

Hint: Consider the bit reversal permutation defined by

$$\text{rev}(x_{d-1}, x_{d-2}, \dots, x_1, x_0) = (x_0, x_1, \dots, x_{d-2}, x_{d-1}).$$

How many nodes (as a function of n) have a bit label ending with $\lfloor d/2 \rfloor$ zeroes? How does the bit-fixing path of a packet starting from such a node look like?

Exercise 8.3. *h-relation*

(5 Points)

Prove Lemma 51 of the lecture notes:

Using Valiant's Trick for routing an arbitrary h -relation on the hypercube, the congestion is $C = O(\log n + h)$ whp.

Please turn over!

Exercise 8.4. *GrowingRank*

(5 Points)

Solve the exercise in the proof of Lemma 55 in the lecture notes:

Show that packets p_0, \dots, p_s are distinct, i.e., no packet appears more than once in the delay sequence.